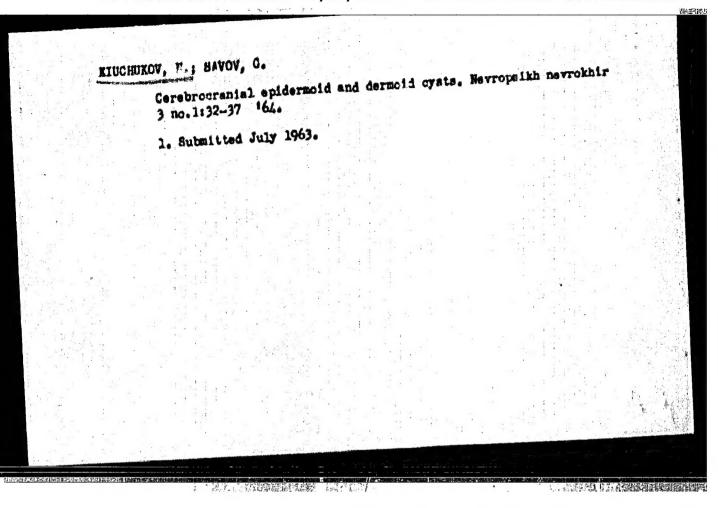


SAVOY, G.; KIUCHUKOY, M.; VAMEY, M.

On the problem of early diagnosis of tumors of the spinal cord. Suvr. med. 12 no.12255-58 '61.

(SPINAL CORD MEOPLASMS)

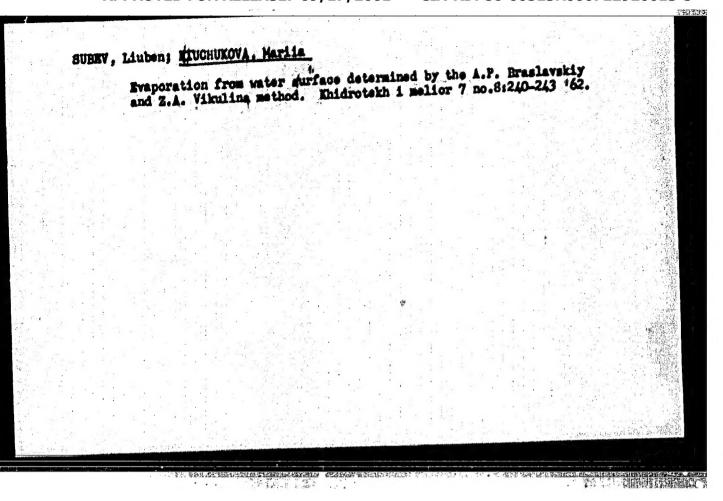


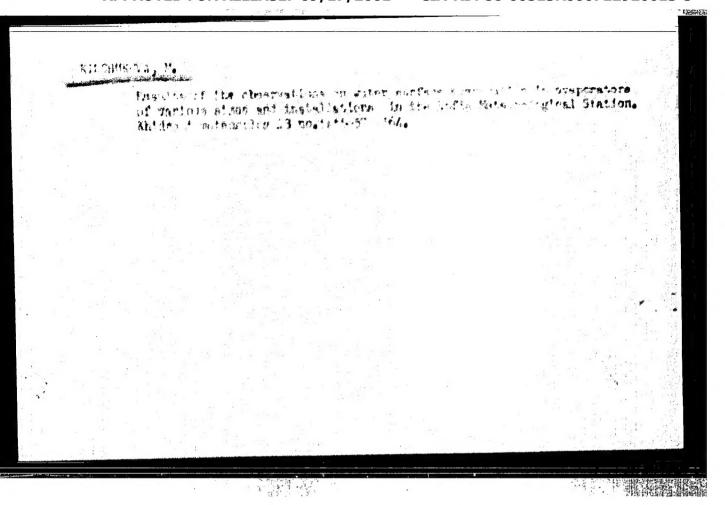
KIUCHUKOV, N.; VANEV, M.

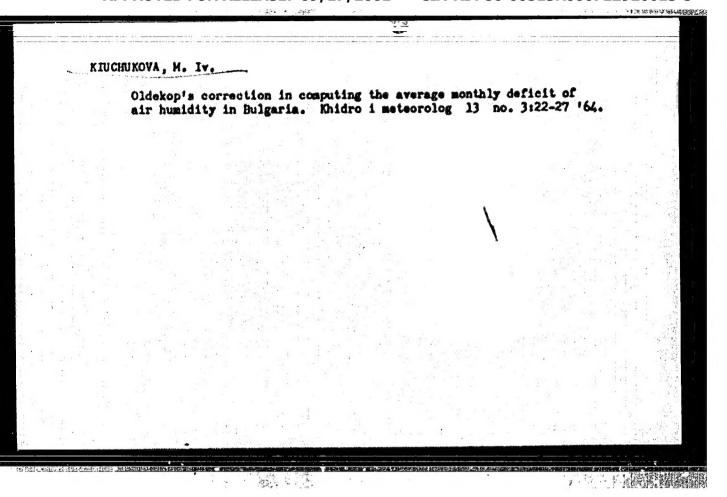
Clinical aspects of heterotopic tumors of the spinsl cord.

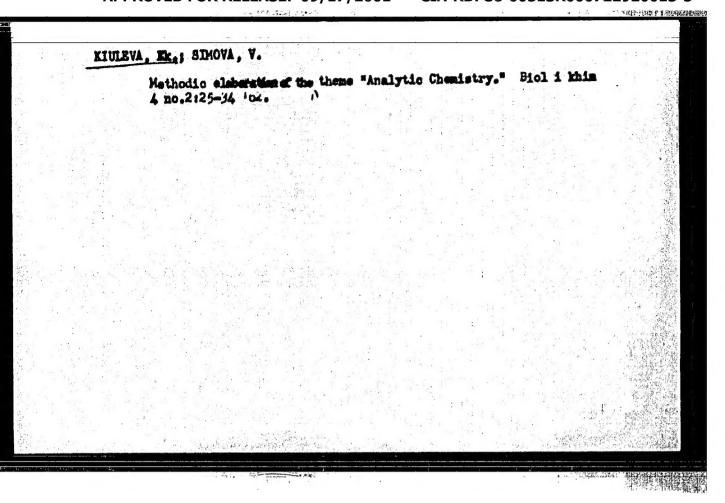
Nevrojeikh nevrokhir 3 no.2:89-93 164.

1. Neurosurgical Department of the Higher Institute of Military Medicine (Head: Savov, G., [dots.]).









	of a transfer of the second se	
KIULEVA,	Ekatorina	
April Art Sahi, William	Problems of the outside-class work in chemistry. Biol i khim 8 no.1:42-46 '65.	
	1. Pioneers Palace, Sofia.	
artenis, e sen novelos sento o jos.		

RIULEVOHELIEV, Al., STOIAMOV, St., ZHEROV, Ir.

Our experience with complex conservative therapy of tuberculous spondylitis in children. Thirurgita 15 no.2/3:201-204, '62.

1. Is Detaki safatorium sa tostno-stavna tuberkuloza - Varna.

(TUBERCULOSIS SPINAL in inf & child)

KIUL'OVSKI, P.

New achievement in the construction of transformers. p. 45.

Vol. L, no. 7, Oct/Nov. 1955 TEKHNIKA Sofiya, Bulgaria

So: Eastern European Accession Vol. 5 No. 4 April 1956

# KIULOVSKI, P.

Rules for computing transformers. p. 3. ELEKTROENERGIIA. Vol. 7, no. 6, June 1956. Sofiia, Bulgaria.

SOURCE: East European Accessions List, (ERAL) Library of Congress, Vol. 6, No. 1, January 1957

THE CHECKSONS

KIULOVSKI, P.

One hundred years since the birth of Nikola Tesla. p. 20. ELEKTROENERGILA. Vol. 7, no. 7, July 1956. Sofiia, Bulgaria.

SOURCE: East European Accessions List, (EEAL) Library of Congress, Vol. 6, No. 1, January 1957

KIULOVSKI, P.

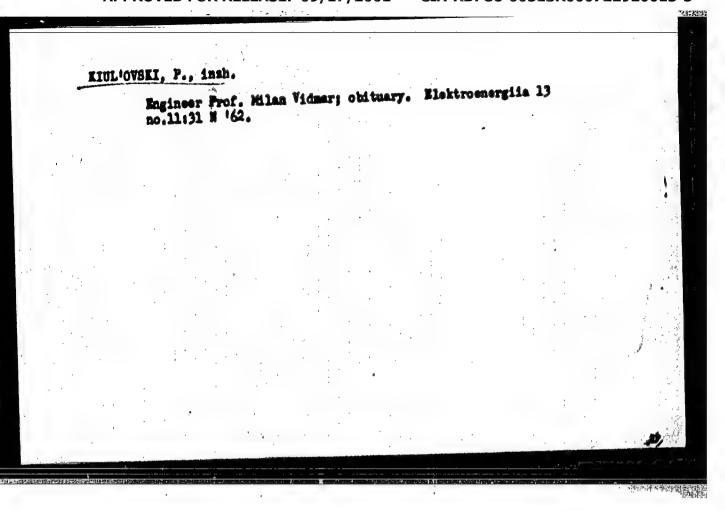
"Production of powerful controlling transformers of high voltage."

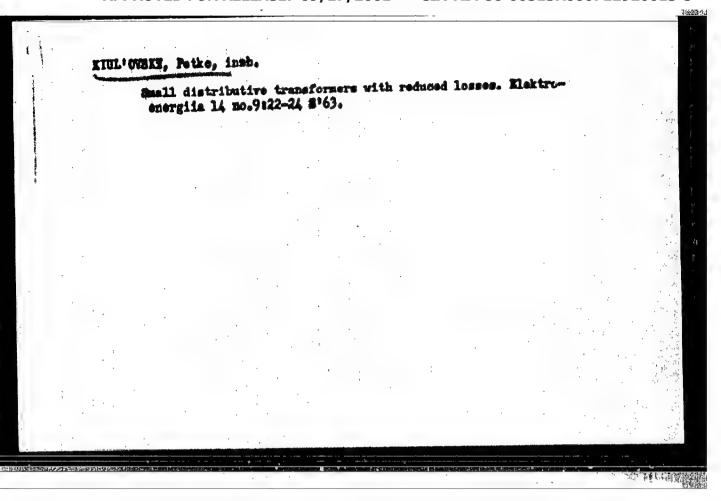
p. 5 (Elektroenergiia, Vol. 8, no. 10, Oct. 1957, Sofiia, Bulgaria.)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 7, No. 6 June 1958

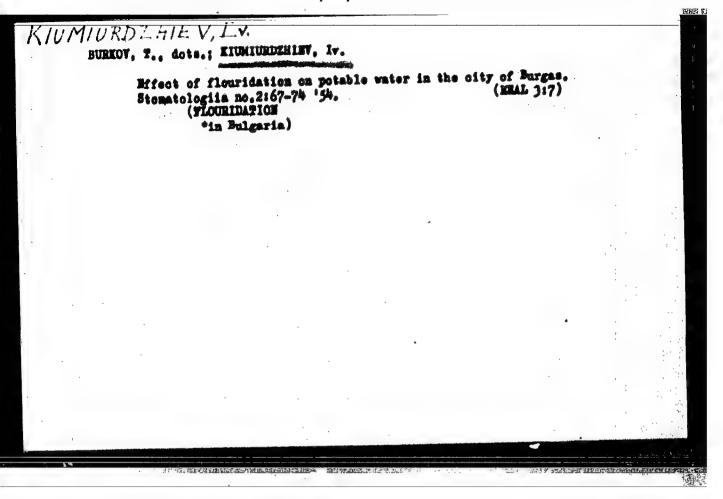
KIULOVSKI, P. insh.; GENOV, St. insh.; KUKUSHAV, Khr. insh.

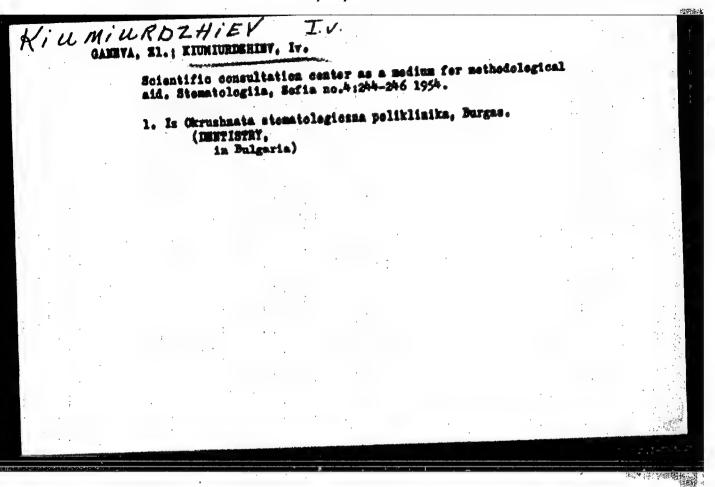
The effect of the prices of basic materials on determining the size of oil transformers. Hashinostroene 10 no.11:30-34 161.

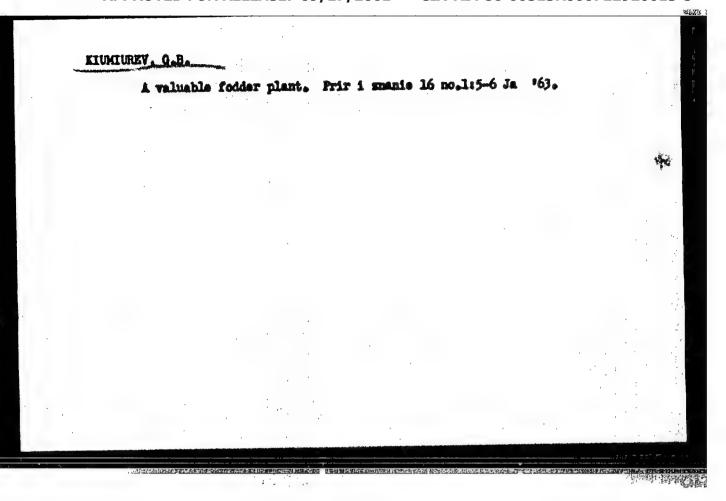


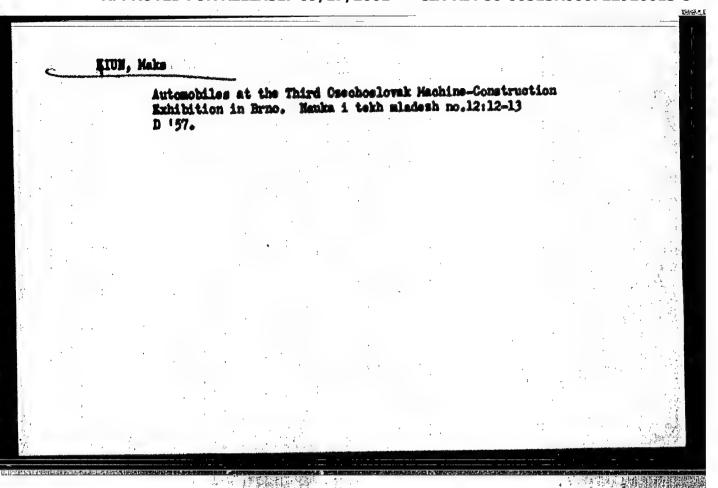


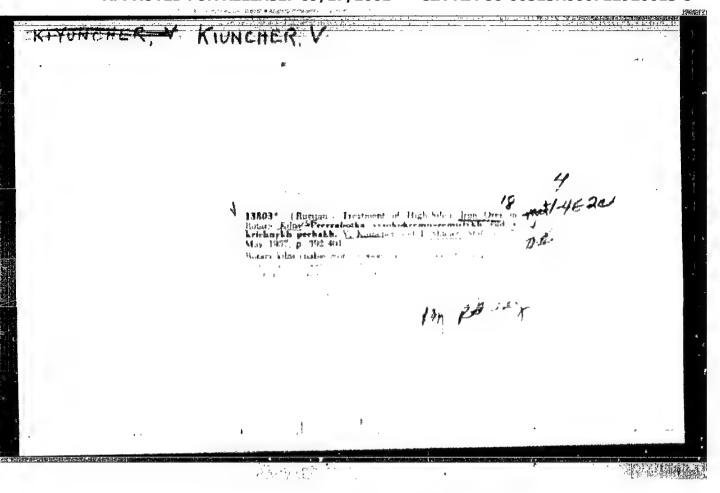
# Fousibility of methodological aid by means of conferences and questions and answere. Stomatological mo.1:53-56 '54. (EELL 3:7) 1. Olaven lekar na Okr. stomatologicalna poliklinika, gr. Surgas. (IMPRISTER). 'in Sulgaria, conf. & question & answers as aid to dentiate)











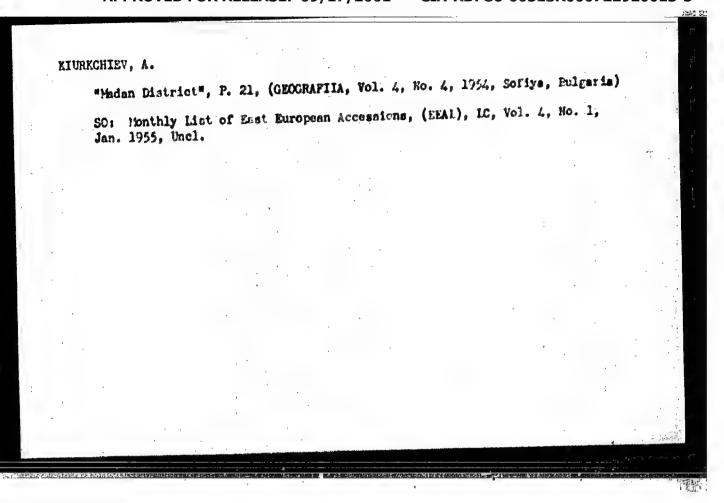
KIUNTISEL!, V.V.

Age of the deep landslides of Moscor and adjacent regions connected with the Jurassic clay sediments. I ul. MOIP. Otd. geol. 40 no.3:93-100 My-Je 165. (MIRA 18:8)

## MIKHAILOV, P., KIUPRIBASHIEV, P.

On the problem of glosses caroticum tumors with report of a case. Suvr. med. 16 no.6:349-351 \* 65.

1. Katedra po VPKH (rukovoditel - prof. 0. Krustinov) i patologoanatomichmo otdelenie (nachalnik P. Kiupribashiew), Visshi veterinarno-meditsinski institut, Sofiia.



# MIURKCHIEV, A. "Problem of Compounding Some Geographical Hames", P. 23. (GEOGRAFIIA, Vol. 4, No. 6, 1954, Sofiya, Bulgaria) SO: Monthly list of East European Accessions, (EEAL), L', Vol. 4, No. 1, Jan. 1955, Uncl.

\*Scientific-technical Mormalization of Labor\*, P. 1. ( KLEKTROEMERGIIA, Vol. 5, No. 10, Oct. 1954, Soriya, Bulgaria)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (KEAL), LC, Vol. 4.

No. 6, June 1955, Unol.

1.1URECHISV, A.

Changes in the administrative division of the Feorle's Republic of Bulgaria after Sentember 9: 1944. p. 5.

Vol. 6, no. 5, 1956

SOURCE: East Buropean Accessions List, (EFAL), Library of Congress Vol. 5, no. 12, December 19:6

KIURECHIEV, A. Population of Turkey. p. 22.

Vol. 6, No. 7, 1956
GEOGRAFHIA
GEOGRAFHIA CECLORY
Sofiia, Bulgaria

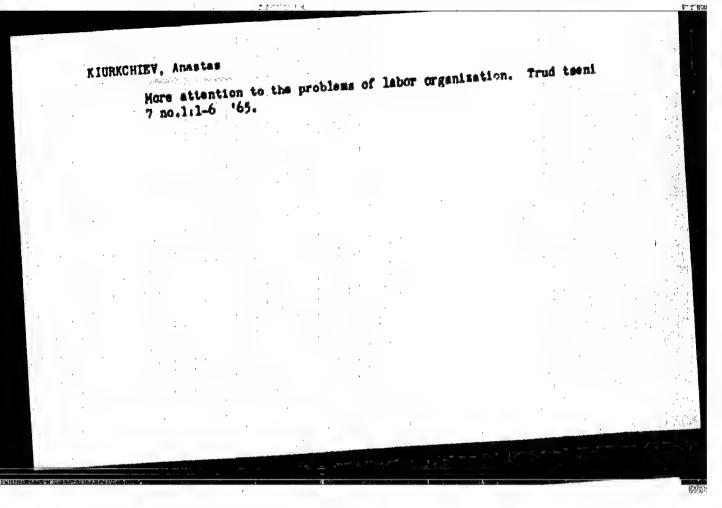
So: East European Accession, Vol. 6, No. 2, February 1957

KIURKCHIEV, A.

KIURCHIEV, A. Political and administrative divisions of the Federal People's Republic of Yugoslavia, p. 22

Vol. 6, No. 9, 1956. GEOGRAFIIA GEOGRAPHI & GEOLOGY Sofiia, Bulgaria

So: East European Accession, Vol. 6, Ho. 2, February 1957



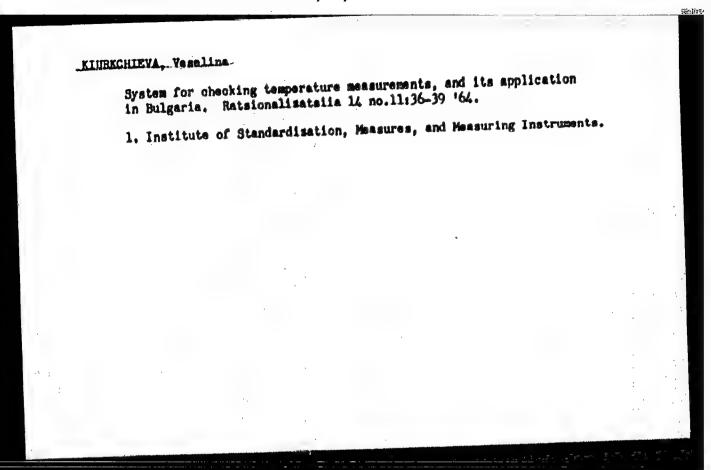
KIURKCHIEV, KE.

On the water supply of Sofia. p. 15. Khidrotekhnika I Melioratsii Vol. 3, No. 1, 1958. Sofiia Bulgaria

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EFAI) LC, Vol. 7, No. 10, Oct. 58

CIA-RDP86-00513R000722920013-5" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001

Excursion to the Varna Aquarium and the Institute at General Toshevo. Riol 1 khim 4 no.6:54-55 '62.



KIURKCHIEVA, Veselina, sutrudnichka

Linear measurements in industrial enterprises. Ratsionalisatsiia
13 ne. 10: 35-38 '63'

1. Institut po standartisatsiia, merki i ismeritelni uredi.

Worthcoming Measures for the Forest Management in Dobruja" p.20 (GORSKO STOPANSTVO Vol. 9, no. 1, Jan. 1953 Sofiya, Bulgaria)

80: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Library of Congress, Vol. 2, no. 9, Oct. 1953, Unel.

· 大學學科學

KIUTUKCHINY, B.; STOICHNY, I.; LOLOVA, Khr.; BINCHAROY, D.

Conditioned reflex leukocytosis and effect of a dynamic stereotype on the number of leukocytes. Suvrem. med. Sofia 5 no.3:8-17 1954.

1. Is Institute po patefisiologiia pri Meditsinskata akademiia 1.P.Pavlov, Plovdiv. direktor: pref. L.Telcharov. (LEUKOCYTE COUNT.

off. of Micrococcus pyogenes as unconditioned stimulus on form, of conditioned variations in dogs)
(REFLEX. COMDITIONED.

leukocyte count variations in dogs after repeated inject. of Micrococcus pyogenes)
(MICROCOCCUS PYOGENES.

eff. of repeated inject. in dogs on form. of conditioned reflex variation of leukocyte count)

TELCHAROV, L., prof.; CHOLAKOV, N.; KIDTUKCHIEV, B.; 20ZEIKOV, V.; KIRIS, I.

Punctional and structural modifications in the liver following action on various receptor areas. Suvrem.med., Sofia. 5 no.10:3-13

1. In Institute po patelogichna fiziologii pri Meditsinskate akademiin I. P. Pavlov, Plovdiv. (sav. prof. L. Telcharov) (LIVER, physiology, eff. of stimulation of various organs)

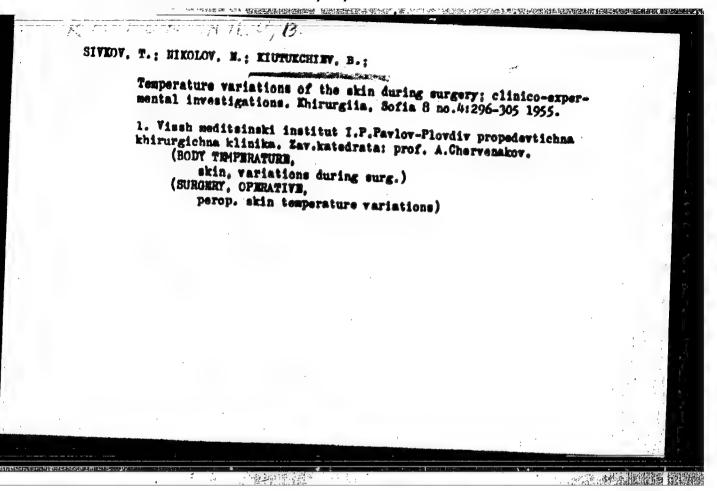
DOBREY, Ia., st. asistent; KIUTURCHIEV, B., st. asistent

Intravenous barbiturate-novocain anesthesis. Chirurgiis 7 no.1:
37-42 1954.

1. Chirurgiohna klinim pri Med. Akademii "I.P.Favlov," Flovdiv.
Direktor: red. dots. D. Floskov. 2. Institut po patofisiologi
pri Med. Akademia "I.P.Favlov," Plovdiv. Direktor: prof. L.Telcharov.
(ALEGERHEIA, INFRAVENUS,

\*Darbiturate with procaine)
(IMEDITURATES, assethesis and analyseis,
\*intravenous asseth., with procaine)
(PROCAIME, anasthesis and analyseis,
\*intravenous asseth., with bartiturates)

## "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722920013-5



# MIKHOY, An.; KIUTUKCHEEV. B.

A new flocoulation test for the differentiation of mechanical from parenchymal jaundice — Jirgl's test. Suvr. med. 13 no.4139-42 62.

l. Is Katedrata po propedevtika na vutreshnite bolesti pri VMI [Vissh meditsineki institut] "I.P. Favlov" - Plovdiv. (Rukovod. na katedrata prof. An. Nitov) i Katedrata po patologichna fisiologiia pri VMI [Vissh meditsineki institut] "I.P. Favlov" - Plovdiv (Rukovod. na katedrata prof. L. Telcharov). (JAUNDICE) (JAUNDICE OBSTRUCTIVE) (SERODIAGNOSIS)

STARODUSTRY, S.V., skademik, otv. red.; ABDULLAYEV, A.A., kend. fiz.—
mat. neuk, red.; ABDURASULOV, D.M., doktor med. neuk, red.; ARL—
FOV., U.A., skademik, red.; BCRODULINA, A.A., kend. biol. neuk,
red.; IVASHEV, V.M., red.; IKRANOVA, G.S., red.; KIV, A.Ye., red.;
LOBAROV, Ye.M., kend. fiz.—met. neuk, red.; MIKCHAYEV, A.T., kend.
med. neuk, red.; MISHANOV, D., kend. khim. neuk, red.; SADYKOV, A.S.,
akademik, red.; TALAMIM, Yu.W., kend. fiz.—met.neuk, red.; TURAKULOV,
Ya.Kh., doktor biol. neuk, red.; KHANIDOV, R.I., red.; BARAKHANOVA,
A.G., tekhn. red.

[Works of the Tashkent Conference of the Peaceful Uses of Atomic Energy] Trudy Tashkentskoi konferentsii po mirnomu ispol'sovaniiu atomnoi energii, Tashkent, 1959. Tashkent. Vol.2. 1960. 449 p. (MIRA 14:5)

1. Tashkantakaya konferentsiya po mirnomn ispol!sovaniyu atomnoy energii. Tashkant, 1959. 2. Akademiya nauk Usbekakoy SSR (for Staro-dubtsev, Arifov, Sadykov). 3. Institut yadernoy fisiki AM UsBSR (for Abdullayav, Ivashev). 4. Chlen-korrespondent AM SSSR (for Samdykov)

(Atomic energy-Congresses)

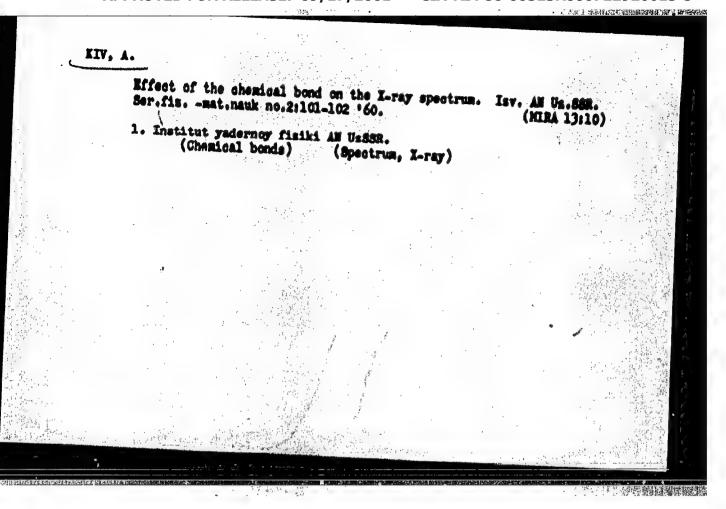
STARODUBTSEV, S.V., akad., otv. red.; ARDULLAYEV, A.A., kand. fiz.—
mat. nauk, red.; ABDURASULOV, D.M., doktor med. nauk, red.;
ARIFOV, U.A., akad., red.; BORODULINA, A.A., kand. biol. nauk,
red.; IVASHEV, V.N., red.; IKRAMOVA, G.S., red.; KIV. A.Ye.,
red.; LOBANOV, Ye.M., kand. fiz.—mat. nauk, red.; HIKOLAYEV,
A.I., kand. med. nauk, red.; HISHANOV, D., kand. khim. nauk,
red.; SADYKOV, A.S., akad., red.; TALANIN, Yu.N., kand. fiz.—
mat. nauk, red.; TURAKULOV, Ya.Kh., doktor biol. nauk, red.;
GAYSINSKAYA, I.G., red.; GOR\*KOVAYA, Z.P., tekhn. red.

[Transactions of the Tashkent Conference on the Peaseful Uses of Atomic Energy] Trudy Tashkentskoy konferentsii po mirnomu ispol'sovaniiu atomnei energii, 1959. Tashkent, Isd-vo Akad.nauk Usbekakoi SSR. Vol.1. 1961. 410 p. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Tashkentskaya konferentsiya po mirnomu ispol'zovaniyu atomnoy energii, Tashkent, 1959. 2. Akademiya nauk Usbekskoy SSSR (for Starodubtsev, Arifov, Sadykov). 3. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii nauk SSSR (for Sadykov). 4. Institut yadernoy fiziki Akademii nauk Usbekskoy SSR (for Arifof, Lobanov). 5. Institut krayevoy eksperimental'noy meditsiny Akademii nauk Usbekskoy SSR (for Turakulov).

(Atomis energy-Congresses)

# "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722920013-5



THE POST SERVED SERVED

21.7000

77258

SOV/89-8-2-23/30

**AUTHORS:** 

Kiv, A., Parilies, E.

TITLE:

Tashkent Conference on Peaceful Use of Atomic Energy.

Scientific and Engineering News

PERIODICAL:

Atomnaya energiya, 1960, Vol 8, Nr 2, pp 167-168 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

This conference took place in Tashkent (Uz SSR) from September 28 to October 3, 1959. Almost 1,000 persons took part in the conference, among them 400 persons from other than Uz republics. At the first meeting U. A. Arifov, Director of the Institute of Nuclear Physics, reported on progress of scientific investigations in the Institute. Ts. S. Savitskiy and V. I. Sinitsina reported on peaceful use of atomic energy in the USSR. S. V. Starodubtsev, Vice President of the Academy of Sciences, Uzbek SSR, spoke on investigations conducted in the laboratory of Academy of Sciences, Uzbek SSR. The conference was divided into 6 sections: (1) Nuclear and radio physics. Fifty reports were given, mostly on nuclear physics, nuclear reactions, and neutron

Card 1/4

Tashkent Conference on Peaceful Use of Atomic Energy. Scientific and Engineering News

77258 **\$0V/**89-8-2-23/30

scattering by neutrons. A large part of reports on radiation physics was devoted to changes in optical. electric, magnetic, and adsorption properties of crystals under the action of  $\gamma$  -rays. Reports were made also on application of nuclear magnetic resonance, and application of radioactive isotopes in nuclear and molecular physics and in electronics. (2) Radioactive isotopes and nuclear radiation in technology and in geology. Twenty-nine reports and 10 brief communications were given. In the reports were described automatic regulators, a transmission measuring set, and a high sensitivity relay. Reports were made also on gamma-radiography and gammadefectography of metal articles and reinforced concrete. Report was made on an installation of a Cobo source 160,000 g/eqv Ra, made at the Institute of Nuclear Physics, Academy of Sciences, Uz SSR. Reports were made on radioactive methods for determination of elements in rocks and on radiometric methods of oil prospecting. (3) In the section of radioactive isotopes

Card 2/4

Tashkent Conference on Peaceful Use of Atomic Energy. Scientific and Engineering News

77258 \$0V/89-8-2-23/30

and nuclear radiation in chemistry, 44 reports and 5 communications were given. Several problems in radio-chemistry, radiation chemistry, application of radio-active isotopes in chemistry, chemical analysis of radioactive isotopes, preparation of pure compounds, investigation of kinetics of chemical reactions with isotopes, and gamma-spectroscopy were examined. (4) In the section of radioactive isotopes and nuclear radiation in medicine, 60 reports and 2 communications were given. Radioactive iodine application to medical treatment of goiter was discussed, and Co<sup>OO</sup> was shown to be effective in medical treatment of malignant tumors. (5) In the section of application of radioactive isotopes and nuclear reaction in biology of animals and plants, 59 reports and 6 communications were given. Characteristics of several functional changes under the action of radiation were given. Biosynthesis of chlorophyll in plants was investigated by the radioactive isotope method. Physiological, biochemical action was studied

Card 3/4

Tashkent Conference on Peaceful Use of Atomic Energy. Scientific and Engineering News

77258 \$0V /89-8-2-23/30

by irradiation of plants. (6) In the section of radioactive isotopes and nuclear reaction application to
agriculture, utilization of radiation in agriculture
was discussed. Utilization of marked atoms in animal
husbandry and in veterinary practice was discussed.
In the final meeting the following reports were given:
"Preparation of Radioactive Isotopes in USSR" (E. E.
Kulish, G. M. Fradkin); Conditions and Aspects of Utilization of Radioactive Isotopes in Pathology" (Ya. Kh.
Turakulov); "The Slit Generator of Neutrons and New
Methods of Slit Utilization (G. I. Budker). At the same
time there was an exhibition in Tashkent on "Atoms for
Peace."

Card 4/4

STARODUBTSEV, S.V., otv. red.; ABDULLAYEV, A.A., kand. fiz.-mat. nauk, red.; ABDURASULOV, D.H., doktor med. nauk, red.; ARIFOV, U.A., akad., red.; BORODULINA, A.A., kand. biol. nauk, red.; IVASHEV, V.H., red.; IKRAMOVA, G.S., red.; KIV, A.Ye., red.; LOBANOV, Ye.M., kand. fiz.-mat. nauk, red.; NIKOLAYEV, A.I., kand. mad., nauk, red.; NISHAMOV, D., kand. khim. nauk, red.; SADIKOV, A.S., akad., red.; TALANIN, Yu.N., kand. fiz.-mat. nauk, red.; TURAKULOV, Ya.Kh., doktor biol. nauk, red.; GAYSINSKAYA, I.G., red.; COR'KOVAYA, Z.P., tekhn. red.

[Transactions of the Conference on the Peaceful Uses of Atomic Energy held at Tashkent in 1959] Trudy Konferentsii po mirnosu ispol'zovaniiu atomnoi energii, Tashkent, 1959. Tashkent, Isd-vo Akad. nauk Usbekakoi SER, Vol.1. 1961. 410 p. (MIRA 1419)

1. Konferentsiya po mirnomu ispol'sovaniyu atomoy energii. 2. Institut yadarnoy fiziki AN Usbakakoy SER (for Starodubtsev, Arifov).
3. Institut fiziki AN Usbakakoy SER (for Abdullayev). 4. Chlenkorrespondent AN SESR i AN Usbakakoy SER (for Sadykov).

(Atomic energy—Congresses)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722920013-5"

TURAKULOV, Ya.Kh., doktor biolog. nauk, otv. red.; ARDULLAYEV, A.A., kand. fiz.-mat. nauk, red.; ARDURASULOV, D.M., doktor med. nauk, red.; ARIFOV, U.A., akademik, red.; BORODULINA, A.A., kand. biol. nauk, red.; IVASHEV, V.N., red.; IKRAMOVA, C.S., red.; KIV.A.Y., red.; LOBANOV, Ye.M., kand.fiz.-mat. nauk, red.; NIKOLAYEV, A.I., kand. med. nauk, red.; HISHANOV, D., kand. khim. nauk, red.; SADTKOV, A.S., akademik, red.; STARODUBTSEV, S.V., akademik, red.; TALAMIN, Yu.N., kand. fiz.-mat. nauk, red.; GORKOVOY, P.I., red.; COR'KOVAYA, Z.P., tekhn. red.

[Transactions of the Tashkent Conference on Peaceful Uses of Atomic Energy] Trudy Tashkentskoy konferentsii po mirnomu ispol'sovaniiu atomnoi energii, Tashkent, 1959. Vol.3. 1961. 5Cl p. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Tashkentskaya konferentsiya po mirnomu ispol'zovaniyu atomnoy energii, Tashkent, 1959. 2. Akademiya nauk Usbekskoy SSE (for Arifov, Sadykov, Starodubtsev).

(Atomic energy—Congresses)

9.6157 (akso 1482) 26.2421 30152 8/608/61/000/000/007/007 B108/B102

AUTHORA

Kiv, A. Ye.

TITLE

Activation mechanism of CdS single crystals by local

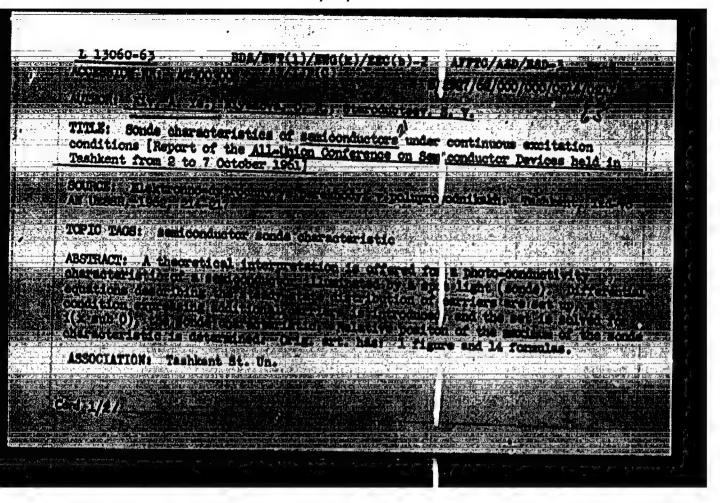
x-irradiation

SOURCE:

Mekotoriye voprosy prikladnoy fiziki, 1961, 86 - 93

by gamma quanta of an energy of less than 0.1 a c . Activation in the case of local x-irradiation is ascribed to the diffusion of lattice defects into the non-irradiated regions and to the displacement of excited electrons and holes. In an ion crystal, the anions may be imported a positive charge owing to multiple ionisation. The recombination time of the photoelectrons is greater than the period of lattice vibrations. The positive anions may therefore be displaced into lattice interstices before they recombine. The concentration of the displaced atoms was estimated to some 10 cm<sup>-3</sup>. The sensitivity maximum of a crystal corresponds to the equilibrium distribution of the recombination centers. The time until the Card 1/2

### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722920013-5



8/166/62/000/002/003/008 B112/B104

AUTHORS:

Niyazova, O. R., Matyskin,

Kiv, A. Ye.

TITLE:

Alpha-counter characteristics of cadmium sulfide single

orystals

PERIODICAL:

Akademiya nauk Usbekskoy SSR. Isventiya. Seriya fiziko-matematicheskikh nauk, no. 2, 1962, 42-45

TEXT: An alpha probe was used to examine the amplitude of alpha pulses in CdS orystals as a function of the applied voltage. The X-ray conductivity and the counting rate were determined by means of probes. The maxima of the X-ray conductivity and of the counting rate have been found to coincide. It is concluded that the distribution of charge carriers in the crystal during pulse formation resembles that which occurs under local X-radiation in the steady state. An analysis of counter characteristics shows that the pulse maxima for n-type and p-type semiconductors are near the cathode and the anode; respectively. There are 4 figures.

ASSOCIATION: AN USSR (AS USSR)

Card 42

24.6820

8/166/62/000/002/005/008 B112/B104

AUTHORS:

Borisov, V. O., Kiv, A. Ye., Niyazova, O. R.

TITLE:

Some features of cadmium sulfide probe characteristics

PERIODICAL

Akademiya nauk Usbekskoy SSR. Izvestiya. Seriya fiziko-matematicheskikh nauk, no. 2, 1962, 55-58

TEXT: X-ray probe characteristics of CdS found empirically are confronted with the theoretical characteristic expressed in the formula  $I(x)/I_0 \equiv I(x_0) = (L_d/1)(\ln 2 - \exp((2t-1)/2L_d) \cosh((2x_0-1)/2L_d))$ . (1), where I denotes the crystal length, 4 the half-width of the X-ray probe (t < 1), and  $x_0$  the coordinate of X-ray probe position.  $L_d$  is the diffusion length, assumed to be the same for holes and electrons. The inequality  $I < L_d < 1/0.7$  follows from the shape of the characteristics as given by (1). In addition, the temperature and exposure dependences of probe characteristics are investigated. There are 3 figures.

ODE 1/2 AS UZ 554

38394 **3/166/62/000/002/008/008** 

B112/B104

9,4177 AUTHORS:

Kiv, A. Ye. Rivesova. O. R.

TITLE

The index of asymmetry and half-width of cadmium sulfide

probe characteristics

PERIODICAL:

Akademiya nauk Uzbekskoy SSR., Izvestiya. Seriya fiziko-matematioheskikh nauk, no. 2, 1962, 82-83

TEXT: The index of asymmetry of a probe characteristic is defined as quotient  $a_2/a_1$  wherein  $a_1$  and  $a_2$  have the meanings shown by the following figure:

a<sub>2</sub> a<sub>1</sub>

a, and a2 are on the side of the cathode and anode, respectively. The following relationship exists between a, and a2 Card 1/2

The index of asymmetry and half-width ...  $\frac{S/166/62/000/002/008/008}{B112/B104}$   $= \frac{1}{a_1} - \frac{a_1(x_0 - \epsilon)}{a_1} - \frac{a_2(1 - x_0 - \epsilon)}{a_2(1 - x_0 - \epsilon)}$   $= 2^{-1} \left( (a_1^{-1} + a_2^{-1}) \ln 2 + \frac{a_1a_2(2\epsilon - 1)/(a_1 + a_2)}{a_2(2\epsilon - 1)/(a_1 + a_2)} \right)$ The quantities  $a_1$  and  $a_2$  are related as follows to the charge carrier mobilities  $\mu_1$  and  $\mu_2$ :  $|a_1| < |a_2|$  for  $\mu_1 > \mu_2$ ; and  $|a_1| > |a_2|$  for  $\mu_1 < \mu_2$ .

ASSOCIATION: AN USSR (AS USSR)

SUBMITTED: September 20, 1961

STARODUBISEV, S.V.; NIYAZOVA, O.R.; KIV. A.Ye.; SOKOLOVA, A.A., red.; GOR'KOVAYA, Z.P., tekhn. red.

[Radiation effects in cadmium sulfide] Radiatsionnye effekty v sul'fide kadmia. Tashkent, Isd-vo Akad. nauk UsSSR, 1963.

(MIRA 16:7)

(Cadmium sulfide) (Luminescence)

から 自然を記事が

ACCESSION NRI AP3000218

\*

8/0166/63/000/002/00L1/00L3

AUTHORS: Sterodubteev, S. V., Kiv, A. Ye.

TITLE: On the problem of radiation-generated destruction in envetals

SOURCE: AN UsSSR. Isv. Seriya fisiko-matem. nauk, no. 2, 1963, 41-43

TOPIC TACS: radiation destruction, electron bombardment, ionisation cross section, pair distribution, valence crystals

ABSTRACT: A process of radiation destruction in germanium crystals, generated by 100-kev electron bombardments, has been studied. The K-chell ionisation cross section of is given, and the assumption is made that the crystal thickness is much smaller than the electron mean free path. An expression is derived for the concentration of probable pair distribution of ionised atoms n', (multiplied by 1 - //K, //K - output fluorescence), and eventually of the atom concentration displaced by a single electron, or

 $n_{s} = n_{s}^{*} W = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{7} N_{0}^{2} s_{K}^{2} a (1 - \eta_{K}).$ 

It is shown that in valence crystals, with sufficiently slow hole mobility, the  $Cord \ 1/2$ 

ACCESSION NR: AP3000218

mechanism generating displacement is even more effective when associated with valence electron transfer and outer shell ionisation. Orig. art. has: 5 formulas

ASSOCIATION: Institut yedernoy fisiki AM Us88R (Institute of Muclear Physics AM Us88R)

SUBMITTED: 20Jan63

DATE ACQ: 12Jun63

MCL: 00

SUB CODE: " PH

NO REP SOY: OOL

OTHER: 003

Card 2/2

Carried House and the

ADCESSION NR: AP3005534

3/0166/63/000/003/0041/0043

UTHORS: Kiv, A. Ye.; Starodubteev, S. V.

TITLE: Some models of radiation damage in nonconducting crystals

SOURCE: AN ArmSSR. Izv. Ser. tekhn. nauk, no. 3, 1963, 11-13

TOPIC TAGS: radiation damage, nonconducting crystal, dielectric crystal, dielectric, multiple ionization, K shell, Auger transition, lifetime, rest time, Coulomb

ABSTRACT: This is a continuation of the authors' previous work (Izvestiya AN UZSSR, ser. f-m., 2, 1963) on the mechanism of displacing atoms in valence crystals by ionization of the inner shells in two series of arranged atoms. The appearance of a supplementary charge near the arranged atoms leads to an increase in potential energy. The potential curve for the subsystem consisting of the indicated atoms is raised relative to the initial curve as a result of supplementary Coulomb collisions. The authors consider two characteristic times of holes in the effect of ionization: lifetime and rest time (this latter determined by the degree of overlap of the wave functions of electrons in neighboring atoms or by the width of

**Card** 1/2

# "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722920013-5

	in the second second second	<del></del>		(上四)	
	<u>у ис</u> В 3 — ч	, <u>,</u>	·	ь	£
ACCESSION NR: AP300	5534	e d			
10nisation, and mult 1) the photoelectric 2) the Compton effectionisation of the K transitions; and 4)	erry some in the cryst- interior in the K shell, effect in the K shell, with the K s	individual atom : , with subsequent subsequent lugge arged particles, tion of the false	is possible du t Auger transi r transitions; with subseque noe shell by h	ring: tions;	
	at yedernoy fisiki AN	• •		yeice All	
SUBMITTED: 12Mar63	i dire acq	204ug63		ENCL: 00	
SUB-CODE: PH	96 REP 80	Ve cole i i	0	mer: col	
	r a	1 4			
	5 2	<b>7</b> 1			
Card 2/2			1.		
			e e solo gi se me manife di didana		
SED 1160 2015 15 2015				A STATE OF THE STA	

KIV, A.Ye.; STARODUBTSEV, S.Y.

Structural changes in crystals resultant from multiple ionisation of atoms, Isv. AN Us.SSR. Ser. fix.-mat. nauk 7 mo.5:37-39 163. (HIRA 17:8)

1. Institut yaderney fiziki AN UzSSR.

L 14357-63 ENT(1)/EMP(q)/ENT(m)/EDS AFFTC/ASD/ESD-3 JD/IJF(C)

ACCESSION MR: AP3003849 S/0020/63/151/003/0550/0551

AUTHORS: Starodubtsev, S. V. (Nem. AS, Usessk); Kiv. As Isa

TITLE: Ionization mechanism of formation of structural defects in orystals

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady\*, v. 151, no. 3, 1963, 550-551

TOPIC TAGS: radiation damage theory; multiple ionization, valence crystal.

ABSTRACT: It has been suggested by T. Seits (Nev. Mod. Phys. 26, 1954, 1, 17) and J. H. Varley (J. Mucl. Eng. 1, 1954,2, 150) that radiation damage may result from excitation and ionisation of elements. This effect is of importance only in nonconducting crystals, as the relaxation time in metals is too short. The authors show on an example of interaction of slow electrons (10<sup>4</sup> to 10<sup>5</sup>ev) with the lattice of a valence crystal that the ionisation of the outer electron shells of the atoms may be of greater importance than it is commonly believed. The cross section of multiple ionisation is computed as that of K-ionisation multiplied by the product

of a valence crystal that the ionisation of the outer electron shells of the atoms may be of greater importance than it is commonly believed. The cross section of multiple ionisation is computed as that of K-ionisation multiplied by the product of probabilities of Auger-transitions. The potential energy of a multiply-ionised atom is calculated and found to be sufficient to overcome the potential barrier. The recoil energy of the Auger electron may be sufficient to remove the atom into an interstitial position. Orig. art. has I figure.

Cord 1/2/ Association: That, of Nuclear Physics, Adademy of Sciences, USSIR

8/

AM4027871

BOOK EXPLOITATION

Starodubtsev, S. V.; Niyazova, O. R.; Kiv, A. YE.

Radiation effects in cadmium sulfide (Radiatsionny\*ye effekty\*; v sul'fide kadmiya) Tashkent, Izd-vo AN UzSSR, 63. 0132 p. illus., biblio. 1,500 copies printed. (At head of title: Akademiya nauk-Uzbekskoy.SSR. Institut yadernoy fiziki) Added t.p. in Uzbek.\*

TOPIC TAGS: cadmium sulfide, semiconductor, radiation defects in semiconductors, semiconductor particle counters, electromagnetic radiation charged particle effect, neutron bombardment, induced conductivity, cadmium sulfide radiation effect

PURPOSE AND COVERAGE: The book contains a review of Soviet and other literature devoted to the study of physical properties of cadmium sulfide and radiation effects observed when various types of radiation act on the cadmium sulfide. The monograph contains the physi-

Card 1/3

#### AM4027871

cal characteristics of cadmium sulfide, the current ideas concerning the changes in its properties following irradiation, and the results of the authors' research on the x-ray conductivity of this semiconductor under local irradiation. The book is intended for scientists who investigate properties of semiconductors, semiconductor counters, the character and role of radiation defects in semiconductor materials.

TABLE OF CONTENTS [abridged]:

Introduction - - 5

Ch. I. Formation and nature of radiation defects in solids - - 7

Ch. II. Physical properties of cadmium sulfide - - 25

Ch. III. Effect of working and different external conditions on the structure and properties of cadmium sulfide - - 65

Ch. IV. Radiation effects following interaction between electro-

Card 2/3

	27871	•			*	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		4		·			
Ch.	agnetic ra V. Radiat	idiation a	and cadmium	sulfide	- 77		
p	articles a	and neutro	cts in cadmi ons 99	um sulfide	irradiated	by charg	ed i
CH.	VI. Probe ulfide	• Characti	ristics of	induced con	ductivity	of cadmiu	<b>33</b>
# · *	•						
SUB. (	CODE: PH	2 g	SUBMITTED:	= 27Mar63	MR R	ep sov:	067
OTHER	190	; *	DATE ACQ:	070ct63	•	3	
			21	A .	•	•	
			. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	¥		ŧ	
1						٠.	
F		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
			*		<b>4</b> 1	· • • •	
		1 k				*	
		ř.				<b>.</b>	

ACCESSION NR: AP4044798

8/0166/64/000/003/0075/0076

AUTHOR: Kiv, A. Ye., Umarova, F. T.

TITLE: The energy of displacement of the nodal atoms in crystals of iron

SOURCE: AN Uzssr. Izvestiya. Seriya fiziko-matematicheskikh nauk, no. 3, 1964, 78-76

TOPIC TAGS: iron, defect formation, displacement, atomic displacement, electron escape iron crystal, elastic displacement

ABSTRACT: The authors point out that determination of the threshold energies for the formation of elastic displacements of atoms is important for a clear explanation of the processes underlying defect formation. The present paper is concerned with determining the region of clastic displacement of atoms in iron crystals, in relation to the speed and energy of electrons escaping from these displaced atoms. The basic result is that if p(t) is the probability of a displacement when electrons escape with energy t (measured in Mev). and or is the region of transmission of energy to the atom by the electron in the interval t, tidt, then the region of atomic displacement is given by

Cord 1/3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001

The Burning Street Street Street

CIA-RDP86-00513R000722920013-5"

L 20993-65 BHT(m) DIAAP/AFMI/BSD/ASD(a)-5/AFETR/ESD(gs)/ESD(t)

ACCESSION NR: AP8000471

THE WAY

R/0166/64/000/004/0092/0093

AUTHOR: Kiv, A. Ye., Rozentsvit, C.L.

TITLE Calculation of the number of dislocations produced in crystals by rapid particles

SOURCE: AN UzSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya (iziko-matematicheskikh nauk, no. 4, 1964, 92-93

TOPIC TAGS: crystal lattice, crystal dislocation, high energy particle, dynamic ton cloud

ASSTRACT: In order to improve the experimental-theoretical correlation of equations for calculating the dislocations produced in the basic crystalline structure by particles, the authors added to the Kinchen-Piz equation factors representing the erosion of the charge carrier to elastic dislocation of atoms and the possibility of formation of dynamic ion clouds near energy limits. Manipulation of the equation necessitates substitution of approximations under certain circumstances, and assumption of both upper and lower limits for the energy of formation of dynamic ion clouds. Applying to this the energy spectra of atoms dislocated by non-relativistically charged particles leads to an equation which is discontinuous at the lower limit of erosion of the energy barrier to elastically dislocated atoms, and the upper limit of erosion of the barrier is approximately twice the sower limit. Experimentally determined discontinuity may therefore be used as a characteristic indicator for the limits of erosion of the energy barrier to elastic dislocation.

# "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722920013-5

L 20993-65

ACCESSION NR: AP5000471

of atoms and formation of dynamic ion clouds. Orig. art. has: 9 formulas.

ASSOCIATION Institut yadernoy fiziki AN Uz BSR (Institute of Nuclear Physics, AN

Uz SSR)

SUBMITTED: 25May64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: 88, NP

NO REF SOV: 301

OTHER: 000

.urd 2/2

KIV, A.Ye., UMAROVA, F.T.

Energy of heteroatom displacement in iron crystals. Izv. AN Uz. SSR Ser. fiz.-mat. nauk 8 no.3:75-76 '64.

1. Institut yadernoy fisiki AN UsSSR.

(MIRA 17:10)

MASS NOT THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF

8/166/60/000/02/13/013

AUTHOR: Kiv, D.

TITLE: On the Influence of Chemical Combinations to the X-Ray Spectra

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii nauk Usbekskoy SSR, Seriya fizikomatematicheskikh nauk, 1960, No. 2, pp. 101-102

TEXT: Sanner (Ref.3) observed a shift of the K -lines of titanium and

chromium for a transition from metals to metallic oxides. The author uses a method analogous to the method described by S.M.Karal'nik and S.B.Nishnik (Ref.4) in order to calculate this shift. Inspite of very approximate assumptions and in spite of an inexactness of the method the author obtains values which agree relatively well with the experiment. There are 7 references: 4 Soviet, 1 Swedish and 3 American.

ASSOCIATION: Institut yadernoy fiziki AN Us SSR (Institute of Nuclear Physics
AS Us SSR)

SUBMITTED: January 22, 1960

Card 1/1

MARTUR, V.I.; KIVA, I.V.

Skin graft for the intravital microscopy of the blood vessels in a rabbit ear, Dop. AN URSR no.1:117-119 '65. (HIRA 18:2)

1. L'vovskiy meditsinskiy institut. Predstavleno akademikom AN UkrSSR V.G. Kas'yanenko [Kas'ianenko, V.H.].

BRAYNINA, Kh.Z.; KIVA, N.K.; BELYAVSKAYA, V.B.

Particular features of the behavior of thin layers of substances on an indifferent electrode. Elektrokhimiia 1 no.3:311-315 Mr 165. (MIRA 18:12)

l. Donetskiy filial Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel\*skogo instituta khimicheskikh reaktivov i osobo chistykh veshchestv.

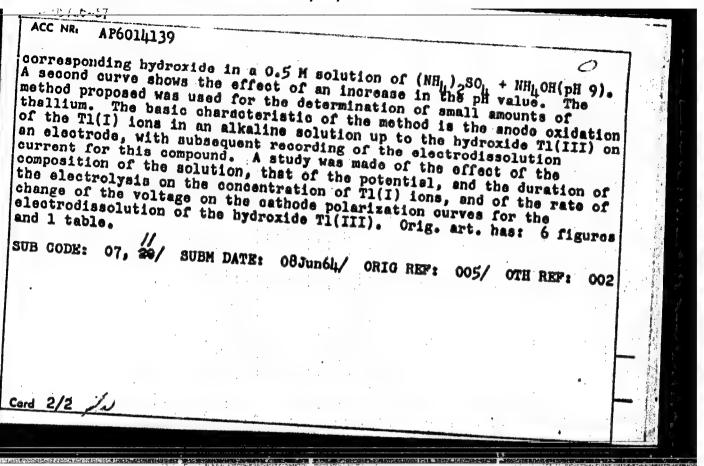
**计图 "新兴起的各种的"** 

## BRAYNINA, Kh.Z., KIVA, N.K.

Determination of the mioroquantities of metals by oscillographic polography. Metod. anal. khim. reak. i prepar. no.5/6:134-140 163.
(MIRA 17:9)

l. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledevatel'skiy institut khimicheskikh reaktivov i osobo chistykh khimicheskikh veshchesty, Denetskiy filial.

L 05726-67 EMP(0)/EWI(m)/T/EWP(t)/ETI IJF(o) ACC NK DS/JD/WW/WH AP6014139 SOURCE CODE: UR/0075/65/020/012/1306/1311 AUTHOR: Braynina, Kh. Z.; Kiva, N. K. ORO: All-Union Scientific Research Institute for Chemical Research and Yary Pure Chemical Substances. Donets Branch (Vsesoyuzniy nauchnoissledovatel'skiy institut khimicheskikh reaktivov i osobo chistykh TITLE: Concentration of substances in polarographic analysis. Report Determination of thallium no. 6. SOURCE: Zhurnal analiticheskoy khimii, v. 20, no. 12, 1965, 1306-1311 TOPIC TAGS: polarographic analysis, thellium ABSTRACT: Experiments were carried out in a recording polarograph of the "Orion" type (Hungary) and in an oscillographic polarograph type PO-02. The working electrode was a disk type graphite electrode with an area of 0.02 cm2, and the reference electrode was a saturated calomel electrode. An ammonium buffering solution was used as a polarographic background. All the solutions were prepared by double distillation. Based on the experimental results, a figure shows the polarization curves for the oxidation of Tl(I) ions and the reduction of the Card 1/2 UDC: 543.253



BRAYNINA, Kh.Z.; Prinimali uchastiye: RIGAYLO, T.A.; KIVA, N.A.

Concentration of substances in polarographic analysis. Report
No.4: Concentration in the form of hydroxides. Zhur. anal. khim.
19 no.7:810-814 '64. (MIRA 17:11)

1. All-Union Scientific-Research Institute of Chemical Reagents and Substances of Special Purity, Branch in Donetsk.

L 11412-63 EPR/EPF(6)/EWP(q)/ 8/032/63/029/005/004/022
EWT(m)/BDS AFFTC/ASD/ESD-3 Pm-4/Pr-4 WH/RH/K
AUTHOR: Braynina, Eh.Z. Edi Kiva, N.K./

TIPLE: The use of graphics states in oscillographic polar graphy to determine microquantities of substances

PERIODICALI Zavodskaya laboratoriya, v. 29, no. 5, 1963, 526-528

TEXT: Oraphite electrodes costed with a film of the substance being determined were studied to determine the possibility of obtaining a greater useful signal and of more readily purifying the electrode after use than with the use of other solid electrodes. A fixed current or a voltage changing according to a definite law was used. It was established that the depth of the peaks in electric dissolution of copper is directly proportional to the concentration of reduced ions in the solution, and this was also found to be true in the cases of Cd and Ni with both types of current. This direct proportional dependence leads to the possibility of using this method for the determination of substances with a more positive potential than the potential of dissolution of mercury. When Cu and Cd are both present their peaks are well separated; the addition of Po makes measurement difficult, but no new peaks are observed. There are three figures.

Card 1// Donatsk affiliate of the All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Chemical Reagents

## BRAYNINA, Kh.A.; KIVA, II.K.

Use of graph! a electrode in inversion oscillographic polarography, Ukr. khim. shur. 30 no.7:697-701 164 (MIRA 18:1)

1. Donetskiy filial Vsesoyumogo nauchno-issledovatel skogo instituta khimicheskikh reaktivov i osobo chistykh khimicheskikh veshuhestv.

BRATNINA, Kh.Z.; KIVA, N.K.

Concentration of substances in polarographic analysis. Report No.6: Determination of thallium. Zhur. anal. khim. 20 no.12: 1306-1311 165. (MIRA 18:12)

1. Vsosoyuznyy nauchno-issledovateliskiy institut khimicheskikh reaktivov i osobo chistykh khimicheskikh veshchesty, Donetskiy filisl. Submitted June 8, 1964.

KULAKOV, V.M.; VARPOLOMEYEV, D.P.; BONDARENKO, M.F.; KOTOVA, V.M.;
AKIMETOV, I.G.; KOLYCHEV, V.M.; NOSAL\*, G.I.; KIVA, V.N.;
PANKRATOVA, M.F.; KRUGLOV, E.A.; SHMELEV, A.S.; SHABALIN, I.I.;
SHIRMUKHAMETOV, O.A.; ISYANOV, I.Ya.; RATOVSKAYA, A.A.;
VAYSBERG, K.M.

Technology of the production of naphthalene from the refining products of eastern oils. Nefteper. i neftekhim. no. 4:30-33 (MIRA 17:5)

1. Hauchno-issledovatel skiy institut neftekhimicheskikh proizvodstv i ordena Lenina Ufimskiy neftepererabatyvayushchiy zavod.

RRUZHALOV, Boris Dmitriyevich[deceased]; COLOVAMENKO, Boris Ivenovich;
Prinimal uchastiye KIVA, V.R.; VINCGRADOV, A.A., red.;
GURKVICH, B.G., red.; PANTKLKIVA, L.A., tekhn. red.

[Joint production of phenol and acetone] Sovmestnoe poluchenie fenola i atsetona. Moskva, Goskhimiadat, 1963. 199 p.

(Phenols) (Acetone)

(MIRA 16:12)

KIVAK, E.

Compensation of the power factor of electric powers in metallurgic plants, p. 62. ENERGETIKA. (Ministerstvo paliv a energetiky. Hlavni sprava elektraren) Praha. Vol. 5, no. 2, Peb. 1955.

SOURCE: East European Accessions List, Vol. 5, no. September 1956

ALEKSARDROV, A., kand. tekhn. mauk; KIVALKIN, Te., insh.

Prevent the overloading of main diesels. Rech. transp. 24 no.8:28-29
165.

(MIRA 18:9)

KRUGLOV, M., insh.; KIVALKIN, Ye., insh.

Results of testing gas-turbine supercharging and prospects for its use. Rech. transp. 19 no.8:17-18 Ag '60. (MIRA 14:3)

l. Volshskoye ob'yedinemoye parakhodstvo. (Marine gas turbines)

TARANOV, G.F., kand.biol.nauk; ZATTSEV, G.P., doktor med. nauk;

PORYADIN, V.T., doktor med. nauk; PERTSULENKO, V.A., kand.
med. nauk; NEVEROVA, N.V.; VINOGRADOVA, T.V., doktor bil. nauk;

KOSTOGLODOV, V.F.; KIVAIKUMA, V.H., kand. biol. nauk; SOKOLOVA,
G.S., red.; SAYTANIDI, L.D., tekhn. red.

[The bee and human health]Pohela i zdorov'e cheloveka. Moskva, Imd-vo M-va sel'khom. RSFSR, 1962. 190 p.

(MIRA 15:10)

(DEES) (MATERIA MEDICA, ANIMAL)

SIMIS, B.S., student; FAYZULLIN, A.A., student; KIVALKINA, V.P., dotsent, nauchnyy rukovoditel.

Comparative study of the antimicrobial proparties of propolis cintments. Uch. map. KVI 89:177-181 162.

1. Kafedra mikrobiologii (zav. - doktor veterin. nauk Kh.Kh.Abdullin) Kazanskogo veterinarnogo instituta.

Propolis in veterinary medicine. Veterinariia 41 no.9378-79 3 464.

1. Kazanskiy veterinarnyy institut.

(MIRA 1814)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722920013-5"

自由克萨加特伯勒

(Kazan Voterinary Institute)

"Treatment of necrobacillosis with propolis ointment"

SOURCS: Veterinariya, Vol 31, # 7, pp h5-50, Jul 195h, Unclassified

KIVALKINA, V. P. (Locturer, Kasan Vet Inst)

"Medicinal properties of propolis bee glue"

SOURCE: Veterinariya, Vol 31, No 7, pp 45-50, July 1954, Unclassified

CHEPUROV, K.P., prof.; ARKHANGEL'SKIY, I.I., prof.; SHATOKHIN, M.G., dotsent; VERESHCHAGIN, M.N., prof., zasluzhennyy deyatel\* nauki Tatarekoy ASSR; ABDULLIN, Kh.Kh., dotsent; KIVALKINA, V.P., dotsent; KHARISOV, Sh.Kh., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

"Veterinary microbiology" by M.V. Revo and M.D. Zhukova. Reviewed by K.P. Chepurov and others. Veterinaria 37 no.7187-89
Jl '60. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Kasakhakiy nauchmo-issledovatel skiy veterinarnyy institut (for Kharisov).

(Veterinary microbiology)

学: 一个种情景的态度

KUCHER, Aleksandr Mikhaylovich; KIVATITSKIT, Mikhail Moiseyevich; SHAVLYUGA, M.I., kand.tekhm.nsuk, red.; VARKOVERSKATA, A.I., red.isd-va; SHCHETIMIMA, L.V., tekhn.red.

[Machine tools; brief description of kinematic systems. Supplement to instructional wall sheets. Series 1: Lethes] Metalloreshushchie stanki; kratkoe opisanie kinematicheskikh skhem. Priloshenie k plakatem. Seriis 1: Toksrnye stanki. Moskva. Gos.nauchno-tekhn.isd-vo meshinostroit.lit-ry, 1959. (MIRA 13:11)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722920013-5"

April 2gra 2

KUCHER, Aleksandr Mikheylovich; KIVATITSKIY, Mikhail Moiseyevich; POKROVSKIT, Antoniy Aleksandrovich; SHAVLTUCA, W.I., kand. tekim.nauk, red.; VARKOVETSKAYA, A.I., red.isd-ve; SEICHE-TININA, L.V., tekhn.red.

> [Metal-cutting machine tools; brief descriptions of kinematic systems. Supplement to posters Set No.3: Planing, broaching, grinding, and gear-outting machines] Metalloreshushchie etanki; kratkoe opisanie kinematicheskikh skhem. Priloshenie k plaketam Seriia III: Strogal'nye, spotiazhnye, shlifoval'nye i suboobrabatyvalushchie stanki. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.isd-vo meshinostroi. lit-ry, 1959. 46 p. [\_\_Set of posters: Kinematic systems of notel-outting machine tools."] \_\_\_\_ Seriia plakatov: "Kinemati-oheakie akheny metalloreshushchikh stankov." 13 diagr. (MIRA 13:5)

(Machine tools)

KUCHER, Aleksandr Mikhaylovich, kand. tekhn. nauk; <u>KIVATITSKIY</u>, <u>Mikhail Moiseyevich</u>; POKROVSKIY, Antoniy Aleksandrovich; <u>FEDOTEROK</u>, A.A., doktor tekhn. nauk, retsensent; TSYPKIN, M.Ye., insh., retsensent; SHAVLYUGA, N.I., kand. tekhn. nauk, red.; VARKOVETSKAYA, A.I., red. isd-va; LETKINA, Y.L., red. isd-va; KUREPINA, G.N., red. isd-va; SHCHETININA, L.V., Těkhn. red.

[Machine tools; album of general design; kinematic diagrams and units] Metalloreshushchie stanki; al'bom obshchikh vidov, kinematicheskikh skhem i uslov. Pod obshchei red. A.M. Kuchera. Hoskva, Mashgis, 1963. 282 p. (MIRA 16:7) (Machine tools—Design and construction)

CHAN WE THAT

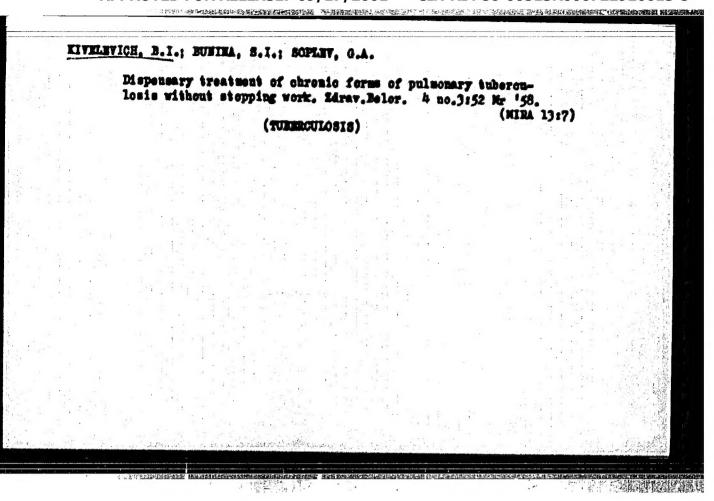
GULYACHKIN, K.N.; KIVATITSKIV. H.M.a. insh., retsenzent; VLASOV, A.G., insh., retsensent; SEPGNCHENKO, V.A., red.isd-va; UVAROVA, A.F., tekhm. red.

[Laboratory work on the course "Machine tools."]Laboratornye raboty po kursu "Metalloreshushchie stanki." Moskva, Mashgis, 1963. 230 p. (MIRA 16:12) (Machine tools—Laboratory manuals)

## Tomerinorgraphy in studying the pathogenesis of pulmonary tuberculosis [with summary in French] Problemb. 34 no.6:22 E-D :56. [NIA 10:2) 1. Glavery which Berandychekoge geredakoge protivotuberkulannese dispansera. (TURREQUIOSIS, FULMOMARY, diagnosis, tomerinorgraphy (Rus))

# EIVELEVICH, B.1. Collapse therepy in the primary pulsonary tuberculous process. Probletub. 37 no.3193-94 159. (MIRA 1216) 1. Clayapy wrach Raranovichskogo gorodskogo protivotuberkulesnogo dispansera. (COLLAPSE TERRAPY. in primary complex (Rus))

## "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722920013-5



## "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001

### CIA-RDP86-00513R000722920013-5

